# 2021 Summary of Emergency Tests, Clery Act

STLCC Community Members,

St. Louis Community College values the safety of our students, faculty and staff. In compliance with the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act of 1998, the STLCC public safety and emergency management department is required to notify the College community about emergency tests completed during the 2021 calendar year. A test is defined as "regularly scheduled drills, exercises and appropriate follow-through activities, designed for assessment and evaluation of emergency plans and capabilities."

An exercise was announced to the community and held on Thursday, Dec. 9, from 1-2:30 p.m. Participants included members from the STLCC PD, St. Louis County Office of Emergency Management, and the STLCC campus emergency response team. A virtual tabletop exercise was held for STLCC-South County, which evaluated the public safety and police response by testing various STLCC emergency operation plan components.

The second component of the test consisted of emergency evacuation drills held each semester. See the description of the drills under the section Summary of Emergency Evacuation Procedures. The drills were announced to students, faculty, and staff and were completed at the following locations during the 2021 calendar year:

Location	Type of Drill / Exercise		Completed
Corporate College	Severe Weather Drill	May 21, 2021, 1:45 - 2:15 p.m.	Yes
Meramec Campus	Severe Weather Drill	May 25, 2021, 1:00-1:30 p.m.	Yes
Wildwood Campus	Fire and Evacuation Drill	June 15, 2021, 10:00-10:45 a.m.	Yes
Florissant Valley Campus	Severe Weather Drill	June 16, 2021, 9:00-9:45 a.m.	Yes

South County	Fire and Evacuation Drill	June 16, 2021, 10:00-9:45 a.m.	Yes
Meramec Campus	Fire and Evacuation Drill	June 17, 2021, 1:00-1:45 p.m.	Yes
Forest Park	Severe Weather Drill	June 18, 2021, 2:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes
South County	Severe Weather Drill	June 22, 2021, 11:00-11:30 a.m.	Yes
Harrison Education Center	Fire and Evacuation Drill	June 22, 2021, 1:00-1:30 p.m.	Yes
Wildwood Campus	Lockdown Drill	July 7, 2021, 2:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes
Corporate College	Lockdown Drill	July 9, 2021, 1:45-2:15 p.m.	Yes
Forest Park Campus	Lockdown Drill	July 14, 2021, 1:15-1:45 p.m.	Yes
South County	Lockdown Drill	July 15, 2021, 10:00-10:45 a.m.	Yes
Meramec Campus	Lockdown Drill	July 22, 2021, 3:00-3:30 p.m.	Yes
Florissant Valley Campus	Lockdown Drill	July 26, 2021, 9:30-10:00 a.m.	Yes
Harrison Education Center	Lockdown Drill	July 26, 2021, 2:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes
Harrison Education Center	Severe Weather Drill	August 9, 2021, 2:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes
Florissant Valley Campus	Fire and Evacuation Drill	August 11, 2021, 2:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes
Forest Park Campus	Fire and Evacuation Drill	August 13, 2021, 1:00-1:30 p.m.	Yes
Corporate College	Annual Mass Notification System	August 13, 2021, 2:30-2:30	Yes

	Test	p.m.	
South County	Tabletop Exercise	December 9, 2021, 1:00-2:30 p.m.	Yes

## SUMMARY OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

St. Louis Community College's emergency response plan includes information about response methods and responsible entities depending on the incident. The plan addresses incident priorities, performance expectations, shelter-in-place and evacuation guidelines.

St. Louis Community College conducts emergency response exercises each year, such as tabletop exercises, full-scale exercises, and tests of the emergency notification systems on all campuses. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. The tests also aid in reviewing the plan in general and updating the plan using guidance from the Homeland Security Exercise and Evacuation Program (HSEEP).

STLCC police officers and commanders have received training in the Incident Command System. When a serious incident occurs that causes an immediate threat to the college community, the first responders to the scene are STLCC officers. In some incidents, the local police and fire department are first responders. The parties present work together to manage the incident. Depending on the nature of the incident, other STLCC departments and local or federal agencies could be involved in responding to the incident.

General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for STLCC is publicized each year as part of the institution's Clery Act compliance efforts, and that information is available on the website at 2021 Annual Security Report and Fire Safety Report

## SUMMARY OF EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURES

An evacuation drill is coordinated by STLCC police and the emergency response team each semester for all College facilities. Students, faculty and staff learn the locations of the emergency exits in the buildings and are provided guidance about the direction they should travel when exiting each facility for a building evacuation.

The purpose of the evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. At STLCC, evacuation drills educate and train occupants on fire safety guidelines specific to their building. During the drill, occupants practice drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm. In addition to educating the occupants of each building about the evacuation procedures, the process also provides the College an opportunity to test the operation of the fire alarm system components. Evacuation drills are monitored by STLCC police and the emergency response team to evaluate egress and behavioral patterns. Reports are prepared by STLCC and occasionally by other participating departments that identify any issues that arise during the drills.

Students receive information about evacuation and shelter-in-place procedures during their new student orientation through campus safety forums and College initiatives throughout the year. Faculty and staff also receive the information during the new employee orientation and campus safety forums.

### SHELTER-IN-PLACE PROCEDURES

#### What it means to Shelter-in-Place

If an incident occurs and the buildings or areas around you become unstable, or if the air outdoors becomes dangerous due to toxic or irritating substances, it is usually safer to stay indoors because leaving the area may expose you to that danger. Thus, to shelter-in-place means to make a shelter of the building you are in, and with a few adjustments, this location can be made even safer and more comfortable until it is safe to go outside.

#### **Basic Shelter-in-Place Guidance**

If an incident occurs and the building you are in is not damaged, stay inside an interior room until you are told it is safe to come out. If your building is damaged, take your personal belongings and follow the evacuation procedures for your building (close your door, proceed to the nearest exit, and use the stairs instead of the elevators). Once you have evacuated, seek shelter at the nearest college building quickly. Follow the directions of police or fire department personnel on the scene.

#### How You Will Know to Shelter-in-Place

A shelter-in-place notification may come from several sources, including STLCC police, local police departments, or other authorities utilizing the College's emergency communications tools.

#### **How to Shelter-in-Place**

No matter where you are, the basic steps of shelter-in-place will generally remain the same. Should the need ever arise, follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

- 1. If you are inside, stay where you are. Collect any emergency shelter-inplace supplies and a telephone/cell phone to be used in an emergency. If you are outdoors, proceed into the closest building quickly or follow instructions from emergency personnel on the scene.
- 2. Locate a room to shelter inside. It should be:
  - An interior room
  - Above ground level
  - Without windows or with the least number of windows.
  - If there is a large group of people inside a particular building, several rooms maybe necessary.
- 3. Shut and lock all windows (tighter seal) and close exterior doors.
- 4. Turn off air conditioners, heaters and fans.
- 5. Close vents to ventilation systems as you are able.
- 6. Make yourself comfortable.

If you have not signed up to receive emergency messages through the Regroup Mass Notification System, you can do so by going to <u>our website</u>.

Thanks for your attention,

St. Louis Community College Public Safety and Emergency Management